

The Democratic National Convention.

The New York Delegation to the National Convention at Cincinnati met and organized in that city on Sunday evening by choosing Daniel Manning chairman and S. B. Holliday secretary. William Peckham read the following:

LETTER FROM DANIEL M. MANNING.

New York, June 18, 1880.
To the Delegates from the State of New York to the Democratic National Convention.

Your first assembling is an occasion on which it is proper that you should have a relation to the nomination for the Presidency which you and your associates are committed to make in behalf of the Democratic party of the United States. Having passed many years in an active and useful career, it is to be hoped that you will have acquired a knowledge of the principles of the Democratic party and of the struggles which made our continental system a government for the people and by the people, I learned to identify the institutions of the Republic with the principles of the Democratic party. I believe it the duty of a citizen of this country to take his fair share of care and trouble in public life. I fulfilled that duty to the best of my ability for years. I have private affairs, but I have never neglected my public duties. I have never accepted office except for a brief period, for a special purpose, and only when the occasion seemed to require of me that sacrifice of private preferences to public interests.

My life has been substantially that of a private citizen. I was a private citizen in the efforts, in which as a private citizen I had shared, to overthrow a corrupt and tyrannical government, to purify the judiciary which had become a tool that induced the Democracy of the State in 1874 to nominate me for governor. This was done in spite of the protest of a minority of the party I had borne in those reforms had caused antagonisms fatal to me as a candidate. I felt constrained to accept the nomination as the most certain means of putting the power of the gubernatorial office on the side of reform and of removing the impression of corruption that prevailed that the faithful discharge of duty as a citizen is fatal to his usefulness as a public servant. The breaking up of the Democratic party, the better management of our public affairs, the large reduction of taxes and other reforms accomplished during my administration doubtless constituted my nomination for the Presidency by the Democratic party. I hope that similar processes would be applied to the Federal Government. Applying as it seemed to me, I did not feel at liberty to shrink.

My canvas which caused the Democratic party represented reform in the administration of the Federal Government and a restoration of our complex political system to the principles of the founders. Upon these issues the people of the United States by a majority of more than a quarter of a million chose a majority of the electors to cast their votes for the Democratic candidate for President. I was elected President. It is my right and privilege to say I was nominated and elected to the Presidency absolutely free from any engagement in respect to the exercise of my powers. I was free to do as I pleased, to govern as I pleased, or to dispose of my relationship to the Presidency. I did everything in my power to elevate and nothing to lower the moral standard in the competition of parties. By what means I mean the basis of the campaign was the purity of the motives. I need not recite. These are no matters of history about which there is either diversity of opinion or have existed in the time of their consummation. I have been previously disappeared. I refused to ransom from the returning board of southern states the documentary evidence by the suppression of which and by the substitution of fraudulent and forged papers a record was made for the perpetration of a false count.

The constitutional duty of the two houses of Congress to count the electoral vote as cast and to give effect to the will of the people as expressed by their electors was never fulfilled. An electoral commission for the existence of which I have no responsibility was formed and to it the two houses of Congress assigned their duty to make the count. The commission was controlled by the Republican majority of 8 to 7 the electoral commission counted out the man elected by the people and counted in the man not elected by the people. That election was a fair and honest election. A new issue for the decision of the people of the United States transcending in importance all questions of administration. It involved the vital principles of self-government and the growth of the means of corrupt influence over the ballot box which is at the disposal of the party having possession of the executive administration had already become a present evil and a great danger to the future. I have no responsibility to the people for making the election of the President a fair and honest election. I have no responsibility to the people for making the election of the President a fair and honest election. I have no responsibility to the people for making the election of the President a fair and honest election.

It was my opinion in 1876 that the opposition attempting to change the administration needed to include at least two thirds of the States and the opposition to the Democratic party to retain a majority at the election. If after such obstacles had been overcome and a majority of the people had voted to change the administration of their government, the men who would have been elected would have been elected by the people. I have no responsibility to the people for making the election of the President a fair and honest election. I have no responsibility to the people for making the election of the President a fair and honest election. I have no responsibility to the people for making the election of the President a fair and honest election.

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VOL. IX.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1880.

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ACTION OF THE DELEGATION.

The New York delegation held a meeting Monday and organized for their work in the National Convention. In reference to Mr. Tilden's letter the delegation adopted the following:

Resolved: That, with a sense of profound gratitude for his great services to the country and to the Democratic party, and with unqualified admiration for his character and ability, the delegation has received with regret the news of his declining to be a candidate for re-nomination and re-election to the Presidency of the United States.

THE MICHIGAN DELEGATION.

The headquarters of the Michigan delegation are at the Grand Hotel and on Monday the delegation organized by electing Don M. Dickinson of Detroit chairman, receiving 12 votes to 9 cast for Byron G. Stout. The other appointments were made as follows: Secretary of the delegation, A. B. Morse; vice-president of the convention, Chas. H. Richmond; secretary of the convention, A. J. Shakespeare; committee on credentials, I. E. Messmore; permanent organization, B. G. Stout; rules, H. Comstock; resolutions, Foster Pratt; to notify candidate, O. M. Barnes. Edward Kanter was also re-elected member of the national committee.

MEETING OF THE CONVENTION.

The Music hall, in which the convention was held was handsomely decorated with flags and evergreens. A banner stretched across the hall bore the words, "We greet the Nation." At 11 o'clock Tuesday the visitors' seats being more than half filled, the great organ began to play the Massello overture, which was greeted with applause. The "Wedding March" and other popular favorites followed. At 12 o'clock only about two-thirds of the delegates were in their seats. As the more prominent of them entered, the applause was hearty and prolonged. When Senator Wade Hampton entered the applause was hearty and prolonged. Senators Lamar and Pendleton were also recipients of particular attention. A beautiful horseshoe of flowers, presented by the New York Herald to George Headley, temporary chairman, was placed on the desk before the opening.

Nicholas M. Bell of St. Louis, Neil C. Brown of Tennessee and E. S. Dodd of Ohio were the official reading clerks during the convention.

At 12:40 o'clock Senator Barnum called the convention to order, and without any preliminary remarks announced that prayer would be offered by the Rev. C. W. Wendte of the Unitarian church. Barnum then announced that he had been unanimously requested by the national committee to nominate the Hon. George Hoadley of Ohio for temporary chairman. This being approved by the convention, the chair appointed Wm. L. Scott and J. D. McGarry as a committee to conduct Mr. Hoadley to the stand. As Mr. Hoadley ascended the platform he was greeted with hearty applause. He concluded his speech as follows:

SPEECH OF MR. HOADLEY.
But though we failed to inaugurate our candidate, our cause, not even for the moment, was wholly lost. The victory was won, without the aid of the immediate authors of the victory. The courts of Florida have thwarted the conspirators who proposed the theft of the State Government and the stern refusal of the Democratic party to countenance the subjugation of South Carolina and Louisiana soon forced the oppressor to relax his grasp. No trace remains of the carpetbag government of the South. The Democratic party has been restored to power. The Democratic party has been restored to power. The Democratic party has been restored to power.

It was my opinion in 1876 that the opposition attempting to change the administration needed to include at least two thirds of the States and the opposition to the Democratic party to retain a majority at the election. If after such obstacles had been overcome and a majority of the people had voted to change the administration of their government, the men who would have been elected would have been elected by the people. I have no responsibility to the people for making the election of the President a fair and honest election. I have no responsibility to the people for making the election of the President a fair and honest election. I have no responsibility to the people for making the election of the President a fair and honest election.

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DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION BY THE RULES.

This body until otherwise ordered. Adopted.

Mr. Martin of Delaware offered a resolution that the roll of the states be called for the appointment of members of committees on permanent organization, credentials and resolutions.

Mr. Weed of New York asked Mr. Martin to give way for a motion for a resolution to refer the credentials to the committee on credentials. This Mr. Martin refused to do, and his resolution was unanimously adopted.

TAMMANY SQUELCHED.

When New York was reached in the call, and upon the clerks commencing to announce the names sent up to the desk, John Kelly arose and amid a shower of hissing mingled yells and cries of "sit down,"

The Chair—"The Sergeant-at-Arms will preserve order. The Chair cannot recognize any one but a delegate."

Mr. Haskins of New York—"Mr. Chairman—"Cries of "sit down," "sit down."

The Chair—"The Sergeant-at-Arms will preserve order. Gentlemen claiming to be delegates must be heard first." (Loud applause.)

Mr. Haskins—"Mr. Chairman, I want—"Cries of "sit down," "put him out," and "order."

The Chair—"North Carolina will be called next." (Applause.)

The roll was finished without further incident. The Chairman requested the committee to report to the rooms in the rear of the hall.

Mr. Weed of New York, moved that the convention adjourn to 10 o'clock Wednesday.

Mr. Martin of Delaware, moved to make it 6 o'clock Tuesday evening, but subsequently withdrew his motion, and Mr. Weed's resolution was adopted.

WEDNESDAY FORENOON.

The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock and was presided over by the Rev. Charles W. Taylor of Covington, Ky. The Committee on Credentials, not being ready to report, Mr. Martin, two delegations united cast the vote of the State. The sitting members from Pennsylvania were reported as entitled to their seats. There was great cheering when the clause was read declaring that the committee had with singular unanimity decided in favor of the sitting members and against the admission of Tammany.

Mr. Carroll of Kansas, asked to present the minority report and was allowed to do so, and to read the report himself. The minority report, signed by four members, declares that the Democracy of the State of New York is divided into two regularly organized factions, both of which represent large constituencies, and both of which have held State Conventions. The history of the coalition between these factions of Delaware, chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization, then made a report naming Ex-Governor J. W. Stevenson of Kentucky for permanent chairman and retaining the other officers of the temporary organization. It was moved that further action on this report be postponed until the Committee on Credentials had reported. Agreed to.

Mr. Young of Georgia, Chairman of the Committee on Credentials, submitted his report. In the Massachusetts case it was unanimously recommended to admit both contestants, and that the 1876 is given, and the opinion is expressed that similar action this year would result in the election of a Democratic President, as then. The minority conclude with a resolution that the Faulkner Convention delegates have fifty votes in this convention, and the Shakespeare Hall Democrats have twenty votes. The reading of the report was greeted with cheers and hisses.

After discussion in which the claims of Tammany were set forth by Gov. Hubbard of Texas and those of the regular New York delegation by John R. Fellows of New York, the majority report was adopted by a nearly unanimous vote. Mr. Wilson, from West Virginia, offered a resolution that the contesting delegates be admitted to seats on the floor. The resolution was adopted.

GOV. STEVENSON'S SPEECH.

Mr. Martin of Delaware, Chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization, moved that the report of his committee be adopted. Agreed to, and the Chair named Senator McDonald of Indiana, Senator Butler of South Carolina, and Thomas O'Connor of Tennessee, as a committee to conduct Ex-Gov. Stevenson to the platform. On taking the chair as presiding officer, Gov. Stevenson made a stirring speech, concluding as follows:

Mr. Tilden and Mr. Hendricks preferred to give up the high offices to which they had been called rather than by the revolutionary and bloody struggle to give comfort to those who denied the right of the people to govern, and while the statesman of New York and his compeer, the statesman of Indiana, have acquiesced in that decision, they have done it to prove that the Democracy have always said—ready obedience to the law is essential to the preservation of liberty. Although they did not endorse the course of the Democracy, they did not interfere with the language of the poet: "More real joy mortals e'er find, Than Caesar will be a Senate at his side." Gentlemen, you have the high privilege to represent that wrong committed upon the Constitution of the United States, and you will be remembered to the high benefit of the party whose representatives you are if you do not get forth a ticket that shall sweep the country from one end to the other. I beseech you, therefore, to rise above prejudice or personal partiality. There is not such a State in this Union that cannot furnish you half a dozen that can bear your flag to victory, and that I feel and know, I see it in your faces. I realize that you come here to subordinate everything to principle and to success. The people want a change. They are tired of misrule. They are tired of interference with the popular rights of suffrage. They are sickened and disgusted with the military when attempts to coerce them. They are tired of coercion tactics. And all that you are to do is to nominate a man who is a true Democrat, a man who is a true Democrat, a man who is a true Democrat.

THE NOMINATION OF CANDIDATES.
Mr. Breckenridge, of Kentucky

moved that the convention proceed to the business of nominating a President. Mr. Preston, of Kentucky, moved to allow each person placing a nominee before the convention to have ten minutes for the purpose. This was adopted, and Mr. Breckenridge's motion as amended was also adopted.

The call of states was then ordered for the nomination of candidates for the Presidency. The first State called was California. Judge John E. McElrath took the stand, and in a brief speech nominated Judge Stephen J. Field, Colorado, when called, responded through S. E. Brown, who seconded the nomination of Field.

When Delaware was called the audience cheered heartily, and Geo. Gray, of that delegation, proceeded to nominate Hon. Thomas F. Bayard.

Samuel S. Marshall, of Illinois, presented the name of William R. Morrison, of Illinois.

The most general and enthusiastic applause seen during the convention, was witnessed when Indiana was called and D. W. Voorhees took the platform to nominate T. A. Hendricks.

Mr. Saltonstall, of Massachusetts, in behalf of part of the delegates from that State, seconded the nomination of Bayard.

When New York was called there were cries of "Tilden," "Seymour" and "Payne," but no nominations were made.

The Hon. John McSwenney responded for Ohio and in an eloquent speech nominated Senator Thurman.

When Pennsylvania was called Mr. Dougherty of that State nominated Gen. Hancock.

When South Carolina was called Wade Hampton stood up and was enthusiastically cheered. He seconded the nomination of Mr. Bayard.

C. S. Stringfellow, of Virginia, seconded the nomination of Justice Field.

John W. Daniel, of Virginia, seconded the nomination of Hancock.

J. H. Goode of West Virginia, seconded the nomination of Thurman.

The President then announced the names of the candidates and each was greeted with more or less applause, but as in a previous instance, the most applause was accorded to Hancock.

Mr. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, moved that the convention proceed to ballot.

Mr. Howley, of Ohio, moved to adjourn until 10 o'clock Thursday morning, and the call of States being demanded the roll was called. It resulted 308, says 392, so the convention refused to adjourn.

THE FIRST BALLOT.

The call of States was then ordered for the first ballot of Presidential candidates. It resulted as follows: Total number of votes cast, 735; Hancock, 177; Bayard, 153; Payne, 81; Thurman, 63; Morrison, 62; Hendricks, 49; Field, 45; Tilden, 38; Randall, 36; Seymour, 8; Ewing, 10; W. A. H. Loveland, 6; McDonald, 3; McElrath, 3; G. V. N. Lothrop, 1; Jeremiah Black, 1; James E. English, 1; Joel Parker, 1.

On the first ballot, Michigan's 22 votes were cast as follows: Tilden, 1; Bayard, 2; Field, 4; Hancock, 5; Seymour, 1; Payne, 1; G. V. N. Lothrop, 1; Geo. B. McClellan, 1.

A motion was then made to adjourn until 10 o'clock Thursday morning, and at 6 o'clock precisely, after a continuous session of nearly eight hours, the convention adjourned.

THURSDAY FORENOON.

The Democratic National convention was called to order at 10:35 Thursday, and prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Taylor, of Covington, Ky.

The name of Tilden called out cheers and hisses, and the chair threatened to clear the hall of spectators.

At 10:40 a. m., a New Yorker took the platform and announced that the New York delegation had decided to support Samuel J. Randall.

At 10:46 preparations were made to proceed to ballot, and the following is the result of

THE SECOND BALLOT.

Alabama—Bayard, 5; Field, 4; Hancock, 11.
Arkansas—Field, 12.
California—Hendricks, 1; Field, 5; Hancock, 5.
Colorado—Field, 1.
Connecticut—Bayard, 1; English, 11.
Delaware—Bayard, 6.
Florida—Bayard, 5.
Georgia—Bayard, 5; Field, 10; Hancock, 7. (Great excitement and cheering for Hancock.)
Illinois—Hancock, 45.
Indiana—Hendricks, 30.
Iowa—Hendricks, 1; Bayard, 1; Hancock, 9; Randall, 12.
Kansas—Hancock, 10.
Kentucky—Tilden, 5; Bayard, 7; Thurman, 1; Field, 4; Hancock, 6.
Louisiana—Hancock, 15.
Maine—Hancock, 16.
Maryland—Bayard, 16.
Massachusetts—Bayard, 7; Hancock, 11; Randall, 26.
Michigan—Tilden, 1; Bayard, 4; Hancock, 16; English, 2; Randall, 1.
Minnesota—Bayard, 10.
Mississippi—Bayard, 5; Field, 2; Hancock, 6.
Missouri—Bayard, 2; Hancock, 2.
Montana—Bayard, 4; Hancock, 7; Parker, 2.
Nebraska—Randall, 6.
Nevada—Thurman, 1; Field, 4; Randall, 1.
New Hampshire—Hancock, 8; Randall, 1.
New York—Randall, 70.
Ohio—Thurman, 30.
Oregon—Field, 8.
Rhode Island—Hancock, 6; Randall, 1; English, 1.
South Carolina—Bayard, 14.
Tennessee—Bayard, 5; Field, 2; Hancock, 14.
Texas—Bayard, 5; Hancock, 11.
Vermont—Hancock, 10.
Virginia—Bayard, 5; Field, 7; Hancock, 7.
West Virginia—Bayard, 1; Thurman, 2; Hancock, 10; English, 2.

THE RESULT.

Hancock.....319
Randall.....177
Bayard.....153
Field.....45
Tilden.....38
Payne.....8
Seymour.....1
Ewing.....10
Loveland.....6
McDonald.....3
McElrath.....3
Lothrop.....1
Black.....1
English.....1
Parker.....1
Total number of votes cast, 781.
Necessary to a choice, 402.

ALL FOR HANCOCK.
The announcement of the result was greeted with wild cheering and cries of "Want to change to Hancock!" "Finally New York changed and settled it, giving the nomination to Gen. Winfield S. Hancock. With New York Hancock had 480 votes, when Pennsylvania wheeled in solid for the general

When the convention learned that Hancock had the requisite votes tremendous cheering followed for him, and all the states that had not voted for him began clamoring for recognition in order to change their votes to Hancock.

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Colorado—Field, 1.
Connecticut—Bayard, 1; English, 11.
Delaware—Bayard, 6.
Florida—Bayard, 5.
Georgia—Bayard, 5; Field, 10; Hancock, 7. (Great excitement and cheering for Hancock.)
Illinois—Hancock, 45.
Indiana—Hendricks, 30.
Iowa—Hendricks, 1; Bayard, 1; Hancock, 9; Randall, 12.
Kansas—Hancock, 10.
Kentucky—Tilden, 5; Bayard, 7; Thurman, 1; Field, 4; Hancock, 6.
Louisiana—Hancock, 15.
Maine—Hancock, 16.
Maryland—Bayard, 16.
Massachusetts—Bayard, 7; Hancock, 11; Randall, 26.
Michigan—Tilden, 1; Bayard, 4; Hancock, 16; English, 2; Randall, 1.
Minnesota—Bayard, 10.
Mississippi—Bayard, 5; Field, 2; Hancock, 6.
Missouri—Bayard, 2; Hancock, 2.
Montana—Bayard, 4; Hancock, 7; Parker, 2.
Nebraska—Randall, 6.
Nevada—Thurman, 1; Field, 4; Randall, 1.
New Hampshire—Hancock, 8; Randall, 1.
New York—Randall, 70.
Ohio—Thurman, 30.
Oregon—Field, 8.
Rhode Island—Hancock, 6; Randall, 1; English, 1.
South Carolina—Bayard, 14.
Tennessee—Bayard, 5; Field, 2; Hancock, 1

COFFINS AND SROUDE.
Hearse in attendance on short notice.
FRANK STAFFAN.

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N. C. R. R. TIME TABLE.

GOING WEST.	
Mail Train	9:22 A. M.
Local Passenger	9:50 A. M.
Way Freight	12:55 P. M.
Grand Rapids Express	5:53 P. M.
Grand Rapids Express	8:11 P. M.
Evening Express	10:35 P. M.
GOING EAST.	
Night Express	6:40 A. M.
Way Freight	8:42 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express	10:07 A. M.
Mail Train	4:40 P. M.

G. W. R. R. TIME TABLE.

LEAVE.	
Atlantic Ex.	14:00 a. m.
Day Express	8:35 a. m.
Day Express	9:45 a. m.
N. Y. Express	7:00 p. m.
ARRIVE.	
Atlantic Ex.	10:00 p. m.
Day Express	6:30 p. m.
Day Express	7:15 a. m.
N. Y. Express	10:45 a. m.

Time of Closing the Mail.

Western Mail	9:00, 11:00 A. M. & 5:30 P. M.
Eastern	9:30 A. M. & 4:10 P. M.

The Chelsea Herald.

IS PUBLISHED
Every Thursday Morning, by
A. Allison, Chelsea, Mich.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, P. & A. M., will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication on Tuesday Evenings, on or preceding each full moon.
G. A. ROBERTSON, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR weekly meeting of Vernon Lodge No. 85, I. O. O. F., will take place every Wednesday evening at 6:15 o'clock, at their Lodge room, Middle St., East.
ASA BLACKLEY, Sec'y.

WASHTENAW ENCAMPMENT, NO. 17, I. O. O. F.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday of each month.
J. A. PALMER, Scribe.

R. Kempf & Brother,

BANKERS,

AND PRODUCE DEALERS,

CHELSEA, — MICH.

Interest Paid on Special Deposits.

Foreign Passage Tickets, to and from the Old Country, Sold.

Drafts Sold on all the Principal Towns of Europe.

The Laws of the State of Michigan hold Private Bankers liable to the full extent of their Personal Estate, thereby securing Depositors against any possible contingency.

Monies Loaned on First-Class Security, at Reasonable Rates.

Insurance on Farm and City Property Effectuated.

Chelsea, March 25, 1880. v0-28-1y

Chelsea Flour Mill.

L. SPARKS, Proprietor of Chelsea Steam Flour Mill, keeps constantly on hand A No. 1 Wheat Flour, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, &c., &c. Custom Work a Specialty. Farmers, please take notice and bring in your grain. Satisfaction guaranteed. v0-28

DR. E. WRIGHT, D. D. S.,

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST,

OFFICE OVER THE CHELSEA BANK, CHELSEA, MICH. [7-13

INSURANCE COMPANIES

REPRESENTED BY

WM. E. DEPEW.

Assets. \$4,100,527
Home of New York, 3,392,914
Hartford, 1,392,914
Underwriters, 1,392,914
American, Philadelphia, 1,392,914
Detroit Fire and Marine, 501,029
Fire Association, 1,178,386

Office: Over Kempf's Bank, Middle street, west, Chelsea, Mich. v0-1

M. W. RUSH,

DENTIST,

OFFICE OVER H. S. HOLMES' STORE, CHELSEA, MICH. 31

Unclaimed Letters.

LIST of Letters remaining in the Post Office, at Chelsea, June 1st, 1880:

Austin, Lewis, 3,392,914
Barber, Mrs. 1,392,914
Button, Lizzie, 1,392,914
Case, George, (2) 501,029
Cobb, Miss, (2) 1,178,386
Heinrich, Christian, 1,178,386
Matthews, D. B. 1,178,386

Persons calling for any of the above letters, please say "advertised."

GEO. J. CROWELL, P. M.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Rev. THOS. HOLMES. Services at 10:15 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

M. E. CHURCH.

Rev. J. L. HUDSON, Pastor. Services at 10:15 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday School immediately after morning services.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. E. A. GAY, Pastor. Services at 10:15 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Rev. Father DUBOIS. Services every Sunday, at 8 and 10:15 A. M. Vespers, 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday School at 12 o'clock A. M.

LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Rev. Mr. MEYER. Services every alternate Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M.

OUR TELEPHONE.

PERSONAL.—A. J. Sawyer, of Ann Arbor was in town on Saturday last.

On June 23d a picnic was held at North Lake. A good time was realized.

WHORTLEBERRIES in town June 23d. The earliest of any season ever known.

FRENCH'S Shoe Store is booming—full of goods, and prices lower than ever.

Our streets are lined with teams loaded with wool the past week. Kempf Bros. seem to be the most extensive buyers.

THE Chelsea Cornet Band is hired to attend the Ann Arbor celebration on Saturday, July 3d.

We are having plenty of rain the past few days. Rather hard on the farmers, who are now busy cutting their hay crop.

CENSUS REPORT.—Mr. Jay Clark, the census enumerator for Lyndon, reports a population for that township of 735.

Mrs. Alva Freer of this village, presented the editor's family with a large mess of green peas and lettuce. The old lady will please accept our thanks.

ANOTHER car load of fresh groceries arrived at Wood Bros. Their goods are fresh and their prices low. Call and be convinced of the fact.

We would like to know where the Marshals is of nights. There are some saloons that do not pay attention to the ordinance in regard to shutting up at seasonable hours.

THERE was a gypsy camp on our streets last Monday. They were principally composed of horse traders, foot racers, and a little of everything. Our boys joined in and enjoyed the fun.

WONDERFUL bargains in Womens and Misses Walking Shoes, at French's Shoe Store, Congdon Block, Chelsea.

SUNDAY July 4th, will be the annual missionary day at the Methodist Church. Mrs. Mary Lathrop of Jackson, will deliver the annual missionary sermon in the morning—and also preach in the evening.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's father, No. 133 Park street, Detroit, June 25, by the Rev. Geo. D. Baker, Mr. Wm. F. Morton to Antoinette J., eldest daughter of Robt. J. Kling, Esq., all of Detroit.

ED. and FRANK, the Tonsorial Artists, of Chelsea, are about putting on "city airs," by way of getting two beautiful new easy shaving chairs. We invite all those who love a good shave and a tip-top hair cut to pay them a visit.

THE Michigan Central R. R. Company will sell excursion tickets to all stations on main line and branches at one fare for the round trip. Tickets can be purchased on the 3rd, 4th and 5th of July, good to return no later than the 6th.

FRENCH'S Shoe Store is selling Boots and Shoes 20 per cent. lower than any other firm in the County.

LAST Saturday Mr. WATTS, of Unadilla, went to water his horse near the railroad track in this village, when a freight train came along and scared the animal so the buggy was upset and badly broken. Fortunately, no one was hurt.

MAIRIAL'S NOTICE.—As there are some persons in town who are in the habit of turning their horses and cattle loose nights, after folks have gone to bed, this is to give notice that all animals found at large hereafter will be impounded.

BASKET PICNIC.—There will be a 4th of July celebration held on Monday, July 5th, in Reed's Woods, 4 miles south of Chelsea. A dance will be held at John Beam's in the evening, where a good time is expected. Good music in attendance, and bill moderate. An invitation is extended to all.

We will make a report from time to time, of all the sidewalks that are out of repair in this village, and give the names of the parties who own them. We observed a sidewalk with a bad hole south of the Union School, owned by Rev. B. Franklin. Will the Marshal attend to it?

PICNIC.—A grand picnic was given to the scholars by their teachers, Miss Bertha Keyes and Mrs. Lucy A. Stephens, on last Saturday at Stockford's Grove. The scholars of the two districts (Lima and Freedom), joined in together and had a good old-fashioned time. We tender our thanks to the above ladies for a nice present.

LADY EQUESTRIANS.—On last Saturday evening we noticed the following ladies, Miss Oxtoby, Miss Calkins and Miss Hunter, performing some highly creditable evolutions in horsemanship, on Fifth Avenue near the editor's residence. We should like to see more of our ladies indulging in this most healthful of all outdoor exercises.

Hill's Buchu gives universal satisfaction in every case where tried. Sold by W. R. Reed & Co., Chelsea, Mich.

"A Citizen" asks why don't our Street

Commissioner fill up the holes on West Middle Street. They are dangerous.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer the only reliable preparation for restoring gray hair to its original color.

A NICE PRESENT.—The editor was quite taken by surprise last Wednesday afternoon, by being presented with a basket of fine cherries by Miss May Westfall. The young lady will receive our thanks for the same.

ALL who contemplate patronizing that excellent preparatory school, the Michigan Military Academy, should send to Colonel Rogers for the new catalogue. Address him at Orchard Lake. 42-31

MR. A. NEIGER, Taylorsville, Penn. writes:

My mother, an old lady of sixty years, suffered for thirty years with Rheumatism, to such an extent that she was at times entirely lame. We procured from Messrs. Ludwig Bros., Druggists in Scranton, Pa., a bottle of St. Jacob's Oil, used it according to directions, and saw our efforts crowned with perfect success. Mother was relieved.

A. O. U. W.—At the last regular meeting of this Order the following officers were elected:

M. W.—B. J. Billings.
G. F.—J. Bacon.
O.—Madison Miller.
J. W.—M. Staffin.
O. W.—A. Steger.
Recorder.—D. B. Taylor.
Receiver.—J. L. Gilbert.
Guide.—J. M. Wood.
Med. Examiner.—Dr. Shaw.

OUR SCHOOLS.—The Schools of our village closed last week for the summer vacation. On Friday last Prof. Richards went with his class in Botany to North Lake. On the same day the departments taught by Mrs. Miller and Miss Sattie Van Tyne had a picnic dinner at the school house. The departments taught by Miss Oldenage, Miss Dewey and Miss Everett, went on the same day to the farm of J. Everett, in Sharon, where, in his farm buildings and grounds, they had a most enjoyable picnic party.

ROBERT RAIKES' CENTENARY AT THE BAPTIST CHURCH.—Robert Raikes organized the first Sunday School one hundred years ago, and last Sunday evening, June 27, services were held at the Baptist Church in remembrance of him and his work. The church was decorated with flowers and evergreens. Upon the rostrum was formed an arch of evergreens, in which were hung words and figures reading:

1780.
ROBERT RAIKES.
1880.

The exercises were opened with singing, responses, readings, and an invocation by Elder Gay. The scriptures were read by Dr. Holmes, and prayer was offered by the Rev. Mr. Hudson. An interesting address on Robert Raikes and his work was given by Elder Gay. The "Centenary Hymn" was sung by the Sunday School. Olive Conklin read a very beautiful and interesting essay on Sunday School Work. The exercises were closed by an impressive benediction. Much was added to the pleasure and interest of the meeting by the presence of Dr. Holmes, Rev. Mr. Hudson, and their congregations.

CHILDREN'S DAY.—The Methodists had a very enjoyable time last Sunday, it being the occasion of their annual Children's Day. In the morning service after singing, prayer and responsive reading of the Scriptures, Mr. David Taylor, Prof. Richards, Andrew Morton, and Mrs. Richards, of Alpena, Mich., addressed the children and young people in a very happy manner. In the afternoon the children and young people did their part in entertaining the congregation. The programme of recitations, songs, etc., was quite a large one, but everyone was so prompt that the services only lasted about an hour and a half. The church was profusely and tastefully decorated with evergreens and flowers, and about twenty-five birds added to the musical notes of the occasion. As a whole the day was a very pleasant one to all in attendance. The Congregational and Baptist Sunday Schools were invited to the afternoon services.

At the close of the afternoon services the pastor was surprised by the presentation of a beautiful flower basket, presented on behalf of the school in a very neat little speech by Miss Jennie Tuttle, who was the leader of a dozen little girls who came upon the rostrum at the presentation. The pastor responded, after which the congregation sang two verses of the hymn, "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," and Bro. Holmes dismissed the people.

BUSINESS RULES.—Some hints about business that are worth preserving:

If a note is transferable as security, or even as payment of a pre-existing debt, the debt revives if the note or bill be dishonored.

An indorsement may be written on the face or back.

An indorsement may prevent his own liability to be sued by writing "without recourse," or similar words.

An oral agreement must be proved by evidence. A written agreement proves itself. The law prefers written to oral evidence, because it is precise.

No evidence may be introduced to contradict or vary a written contract; but it may be received in order to explain it, when such contract is in need of explanation. Written instruments are to be construed and interpreted by the law according to the simple, customary and natural meaning of the words used.

The finder of a negotiable paper, as of all other property, must make reasonable efforts to find the owner before he is entitled to appropriate it for his own purposes. If the finder conceal it he is liable to the charge of larceny or theft.

Joint payees of a bill or a note who are

not partners, must all join in an indorsement.

One may make a note payable to his own order, and indorse it in blank. He must write his name across its back or across its face, the same as any other indorser.

After the death of a holder of a bill or note, his executor or administrator may transfer it by his indorsement.

The husband who acquires a right to a bill or note which was given to his wife either before or after marriage, may indorse it.

"Acceptance" applies to bills and not to notes. It is an agreement on the part of the person on whom the bill is drawn to pay it according to its tenor. The usual way is to write across the face of the bill the word "accepted."

THE WOOL BOOM.—At no period in the history of the wool trade, says the Economist, have we witnessed so excitable a market as the panorama lies before us today, no matter where we turn or gaze. It makes no difference whether we canvass Great Britain, France, Spain, Germany, Austria, Russia, Turkey, Asia Minor, Persia, India, Australia, the Barbary States, Cape of Good Hope, the vast plains of South America, Texas or Mexico; or whether we visit the vast mountain fastnesses of California, Oregon, Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, Colorado, and Nevada, until we come to the plains of Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Indiana and Illinois, in fact wherever we penetrate, whether on the mountains or plains of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, New York, New Jersey, Vermont, and all along the arid coast of New England down to Long Island, taking in the whole circle, the markets of Boston, New York and Philadelphia, all along this whole line no fine clothing wool can be bought ready for manufacturers' use below \$1 for the scored pound, and a great deal will cost from \$1.10 to \$1.25, and even \$1.30. Combed and delaines and carpet wools are equally high, and from the present outlook no one can tell where the prices will stop. New York and Boston dealers are buying Southern California, heavy, curly, greasy wools in San Francisco, and paying \$1.17½ for the scored pound.

In Texas nothing can be reached below \$1 @ \$1.10 scored. Nearly all the Kentucky clip has passed out of farmers' hands. In Indiana, Wisconsin and Illinois one-quarter of the new clip has been bought on the sheep's backs on Eastern account at forty and fifty-five cents for unwashed delivered on board the cars when ready. And what is remarkable about all this, the buying is going on under mask-batteries. Representative buyers on the spot are doing nothing and would not touch a pound of it unless at lower prices, but "dark" men are purchasing in the meantime everything they can obtain at prices which are as high as to net them a loss, unless we have another boom that will send prices up 20 per cent.

THE largest Threshing Machine that has ever been in this County is now being built by Geo. W. Bachman, of this village. Call at his shop on Summit street and see the monster.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, } ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the twenty-third day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty:

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Joshua Downer, deceased, Elkanah P. Downer, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is Ordered, that Tuesday, the twenty-seventh day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing and allowing such account, and for the delivery, legacies and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further Ordered, that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHLSEA HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
(A true copy) Judge of Probate.

WILLIAM G. DOTY,
Probate Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, } ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty:

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Eldad Spencer, deceased.—On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Emily Spencer, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that William R. Depew may be appointed executor thereof.

Thereupon it is Ordered, that Monday, the second day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further Ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHLSEA HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
(A true copy) Judge of Probate.

WILLIAM G. DOTY,
Probate Register.

Chelsea Market.

CHELSEA, July 1, 1880.

FLOUR, 2 cwt.	\$3 00
WHEAT, White, 7 bu.	90
WHEAT, Red, 7 bu.	85
CORN, 7 bu.	25
OATS, 7 bu.	25
CLOVER SEED, 7 bu.	4 00
TIFFIN SEED, 7 bu.	2 00
BEANS, 7 bu.	50 1 00
POTATOES, 7 bu.	20 25
APPLES, green, 7 bu.	\$2 00 2 50
do dried, 7 bu.	06
HONEY, 7 lb.	10 12
BUTTER, 7 lb.	07
POULTRY—Chickens, 7 lb.	07
LARD, 7 lb.	05
FALLOW, 7 lb.	05
SHOULDERS, 7 lb.	06
EGGS, 7 doz.	10
BEEF, live, 7 cwt.	3 00 3 50
SHEEP, live, 7 cwt.	3 00 5 00
HOGS, live, 7 cwt.	3 00 4 00
do dressed 7 cwt.	4 00 4 50
HAY, tame 7 ton.	8 00 10 00
do marsh, 7 ton.	5 00 6 00
SALT, 7 bu.	1 55
WOOL, 7 lb.	35
CRABAPPLES, 7 bu.	1 00 1 50

HOW TO ATTAIN SUCCESS.

Without health, life is a failure.

YELLOW EYES, RALLIED COMPLEXION, LOSS OF APPETITE, DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, AND CONSTIPATION, is the result of a complaining LIVER.

MARCEAU'S LIVER AND ANTI-BILIOUS Compound is acknowledged as a sure cure for the enfeebled system.

Possessing "CAUSABA SAGRADA," with other meritorious ingredients, makes it an infallible remedy for EQUALIZING THE CIRCULATION, purifying the BLOOD, and restoring to PERFECT HEALTH the enfeebled system. 75 cents per bottle.

Town's Bronchial Syrup cures all Lung, Throat and Chest diseases. 75 cents per bottle.

FARRAND, WILLIAMS & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Detroit, Agents.

"GAINED A POUND A DAY."

SOUTH STOCTON, N. Y., April 7, 1878.

DR. M. M. FENNER, Fredonia, N. Y.

Dear Sir:—I had been suffering from Abscesses on my Lungs and Liver Disease for about three months. Coughed a great deal, had become nervous and restless and my flesh had wasted away. I had been treated by three different physicians without any material benefit. After using two and one-half bottles of your Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic I was a well man. Once fairly under its influence I gained flesh at the rate of a pound a day.

Gratefully yours,
J. H. CLARKE.

Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic may well be called "The conquering hero" of the times. Whoever has "the blues" should take it, for it regulates and restores the disordered system that gives rise to them. It always cures Biliousness and Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headaches, Fever and Ague, Spleen Enlargement, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples, Blotches, and ALL SKIN ERUPTIONS, Dropsy, Sleeplessness, Impaired Nerves and Nervous Debility; Restores flesh and strength when the system is running down or going into decline; cures Female Weakness and Chronic Rheumatism, and relieves Chronic Bronchitis, and all Lung and Throat difficulties. It does these things by striking at the root of disease and removing its causes.

Dr. Fenner's Improved Cough Honey will relieve any cough in one hour. Try sample bottle at 10 cents.

Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief cures any pain, as Toothache, Neuralgia, Colic, or Headache, in 5 to 30 minutes, and readily relieves Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Diarrhoea, etc. Try sample bottle at 10c.

Dr. Fenner's Vegetable Blood and Liver Pills. The best family physic known. For sale by Glazier & Armstrong, Chelsea, Mich. [v0-13-1y]

Rev. George H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., known to every one in that vicinity as a most influential citizen, and Christian Minister of the M. E. Church, says: "I wish everybody to know that I consider that both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Drs. Mathech & France, Physicians and Druggists, of the same place, says: "It is having a tremendous sale, and is giving perfect satisfaction, such as nothing else has done. For Lung Back, Side, or Chest, don't fail to use Shiloh's Pectoral Plaster. We recommend these remedies." Sold by W. REED & CO.

DO YOU BELIEVE IT

That in this town there are scores of persons passing our store every day, who are made miserable by Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour and distressed Stomach, Liver Complaint, Constipation, when for 75 cents, we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

MICHIGAN.

Sum-of-afternoon a young man, aged 17 years, named Herbert Kottis, was drowned in the lake at Five Lakes while bathing with several companions. He stepped down from the embankment in the water, and being unable to swim sank in 32 feet of water.

Diphtheria is raging in Isabella county. All the schools are closed. Monday morning Michael O'Hara lost three of his children. They died from this disease within fifteen minutes of each other.

Charles Steffey, a little boy 7 years old, died Monday morning at the University hospital from cuts about the head received Saturday. He was in a buggy alone, when the horse ran away. He tried to get out, but his foot caught in the lines and he was dragged on the ground.

Willie Newman, aged 8 years, was drowned at East Saginaw, Monday afternoon while bathing near the Flint and Pere Marquette bridges. He was pulled in off the logs and could not swim.

Mrs. Andrews, aged 74, was fatally injured by falling down stairs Sunday evening at the residence of A. J. Harrison, in Palmyra, Lenawee county. The old lady had two husbands who died accidental deaths.

Mrs. Lucy, wife of the Hon. Stephen S. Cobb, died at Kalamazoo, Monday evening, terminating an illness of nearly two years' duration.

The population of Grand Rapids is 31,906.

The contract for the building of the Detroit and Butler road was let Monday to Gen. J. S. and D. R. Casement of Palmyra, Ohio. The contract covers the entire work, including grading, furnishing, laying track, bridging, ballasting, fencing, etc. By the terms of the contract the work is to be wholly completed by the 15th of December next. It is expected that the cars will be running between Detroit and Adrian by the 1st of September.

Edwin Jerome, Sr., a well-known citizen of Detroit, died Monday. He was a brother of George Jerome, of Detroit, and David H. and J. Jerome, of Saginaw.

A dead body was found in the river at South Haven Tuesday morning, supposed to be that of Julius Feister, a baker, missing for three weeks.

A fire broke out Tuesday night in Harmon mill, at Chas. Twelve hundred thousand feet of lumber and the mill were destroyed. Loss \$12,000; insurance \$9,000.

According to the census just completed, the population of the city of Coldwater is 4,675.

The commencement exercises of the State normal school at Ypsilanti will commence Tuesday evening, June 29, with a concert, and conclude with the literary exercises of the graduating class on Wednesday, June 30.

The treasurer of the Williams Professorship Endowment Fund has issued a circular to the subscribers to the fund in which he says that the total amount subscribed to the principal of the fund is \$27,585, of which there have to June 15 been paid \$9,513.10, which amount is either in bank or invested in bonds and mortgages, and all moneys are invested in that way as often as approved security in Washington county, where he can give the matter personal attention, can be obtained.

The Butler road, as now proposed, will run almost in an air line from the Grand Trunk Junction to Belleville, and before reaching Adrian will be very near the line with Butler, passes through Milan and Raisin Center, and near Paint Creek, West Milan, Ridgeway, Lake Ridge and Chas. After leaving Adrian, Montpelier is the first town through which it will pass, but it will run near Medina, Deer Lick and West Buffalo. The country is described as being a purely agricultural one.

Bids were received for building the new jail at Ionia, Tuesday. The bid of J. V. Conant of Grand Haven, \$9,163 being the lowest, will be accepted.

The tide of immigration from Canada to Cheboygan county continues unabated. The propeller Lake Erie from Colingwood landed quite a number of passengers Friday night at Cheboygan.

The Republic iron mine is still ahead, and including the 16th, footing up to 57,889 gross tons, an increase of 36,409 tons over a corresponding period last year. The Norway follow-up was 15,000 gross tons, an increase of 47,141 tons over last year.

Charles S. Burt, son of William Burt, Esq., of Marquette, was just graduated at the West Point military academy. He stood first in a class of 38 members, and was resigned under the act of Congress permitting any cadet to do so and accept \$750 and mileage and not ask for a position in the army for a period of two years.

The Michigan Baptist Ministers' institute held a five-day session at East Rapids last week. About 75 ministers from abroad were in attendance.

Joseph Rutter, 18 years old, took up a gun which he supposed to be unloaded, in his father's house at Traverse City, and pointing it at Frank Reize, a young man who sat next to him, he fired, and shot him, and at the same time pulling the trigger. The gun went off sending a volley of small shot into the arm and body of Reize and another into the shoulder and chest of Rutter, who was killed.

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be removed he was fearfully burned, and died after several hours of intense suffering.

Fire Friday morning destroyed a three-story frame building at Fort Gratiot, owned by Mrs. James Ross and occupied by a man named McCreary as a hotel. A small drug store adjoining was also consumed. Loss on the hotel, \$2,000; insured. Supposed origin, a defective fuse.

The graduating class in the literary department of the University this year numbered 64. The average age is 23 years, the oldest 35 and the youngest 19. Of the whole class, twenty-three will study law; fifteen make teaching a profession; eight are undecided; two will study medicine; four will pursue business; two will be ministers; two surveying engineers; two civil engineers; two will be farmers; two bakers; one will endeavor to become a journalist, and one will be a manufacturer of cigars.

Hancock boasts of a baby which weighed 18 pounds at birth. Mrs. M. L. Sullivan is the mother.

The latest count makes the population of Grand Rapids 32,008.

Last Thursday two little Swede boys aged respectively 5 and 8 years, were crossing the race just above the Tioja flouring mill, in Mecosta county, when the younger lad tumbled into the water at a point where it is about 10 feet deep. The older child immediately laid down his parcels, which he was carrying home from Fearn's store, took off his hat and plunged in, and saving his brother by the hair, swam ashore with him before he could be rescued.

Track laying on the Port Huron and North-western railroad is progressing at the rate of 34 miles per day.

Nearly 1,000 excursionists from Detroit went to Toledo Friday on the steamer City of Detroit.

About 10 o'clock Thursday night a man giving his name as VanDyke, and claiming a residence in Baile's Creek, and claiming to be a resident of the town of St. Johns, was doing there, he replied that he had taken a trip to the city, with the hope of ridding himself of trouble. This was doubted, and he was taken the county jail, where he was given medical assistance, and where he died about 2 o'clock Friday morning.

The census of Ann Arbor City has been completed and it shows a population of 8,025 persons, as against 7,363 in 1870.

The report of President Fluke of Albion college to the trustees was very satisfactory, showing that the college during the past year has been prosperous. The income of the college for the year was \$16,476.42. The expenses were not as much, but so far amount to \$13,418.87, which month is partially estimated. The deficit will probably be payable on or about Monday, the 24th of August.

Beside providing for this dividend the company has expended out of the earnings of the year for steel rails, \$150,000; for iron bridges, \$50,000. The sum of \$60,000 has also been expended in the settlement of claims arising from the Jackson accident.

The census just completed gives Port Huron a population of 8,922.

The Michigan Central R. R. Company will sell Excursion Tickets to all stations on Main Line and Branches at one fare, or the round trip. Tickets may be sold July 31, 4th and 5th, good to return no later than the 10th.

The board of directors of the Michigan Central railroad met in New York Saturday morning and declared a cash dividend of 4 per cent. out of the earnings of the year for steel rails, \$150,000; for iron bridges, \$50,000. The sum of \$60,000 has also been expended in the settlement of claims arising from the Jackson accident.

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A collision occurred on the Vandalia railroad Saturday noon about six miles from St. Louis. Alonzo Woods, fireman and Thomas Beasley, a blacksmith riding on the tender, were instantly killed. John Wood, engineer of the freight train, had both his legs broken and his head badly cut. Henry Frohman, shop hand on the wrecking train, had his back broken and was fatally wounded. Several other persons were injured. The passengers of the wrecked steamer Narragansett of the St. Louis line have decided to bring suit against the company to recover damages.

There were 207 deaths in New York city in the 24 hours ending Saturday night, the highest mortality in any one day this year. Total deaths during the week 1,038. Cholera infantum is very prevalent.

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In England and Wales, was adopted, 163 to 117, with Mr. Pease's amendment that said houses should be closed as nearly as possible the whole day. The government opposed the measure.

The third annual State convention of the red ribbon clubs of Michigan met in Jackson on Wednesday June 23 and continued through Thursday. The attendance was quite large, nearly all the clubs in the State being represented by three delegates each. More than 200 clubs were represented by about 500 delegates.

After prayer by the Rev. Mr. Osmond of Orono, the convention organized by the election of the Rev. Robert Shier of Jackson, as chairman and Geo. J. McCandless of Jackson as secretary. Robert E. Frazer, Esq., of Ann Arbor, was afterward chosen permanent chairman of the convention.

The State Central Committee made a report detailing the work of the past year and making suggestions as to the prosecution of the temperance work in Michigan in future. In the course of their report the committee say:

Two questions of great importance occupied the attention of the committee at its meeting in Jackson on June 24. The first was the text of the proposed amendment. After a very careful consideration, and a very long and able discussion, the following proposed new law was unanimously adopted and submitted